Year	No. of cases Registered	Trial completed	Cases convicted	Percentage conviction
1999	135771	73688	27914	37.9
2000	141373	80435	32044	39.8
2001	143866	84543	31832	37.7

'Police and 'Public Order' are the State Subjects as per the Constitution of India. However, the Government of India have been advising the State Governments from time to time to improve the criminal justice system.

The Government have also set up a Committee under the chairmanship of Dr. (Justice) V.S. Malimath, former Chief Justice of Kerala and Karnataka High Courts to consider measures to revamp Criminal Justice System in the country. The Committee has the mandate to review the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973, the Indian Penal Code, 1860 and the Indian Evidence Act, 1872.

Promotions in schools under NDMC

2210. SHRI GANDHI AZAD: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether 40/100 Point Roster on reservation was applicable in promotions from Nursery/Primary Teachers to Head Mistress/Master under NDMC;

(b) if so, total promotions made upto 1998 and between 1999 to date;

(c) roster points meant for reserved category employees in 1998 and upto 2003 and actually promoted out of total promotions;

(d) backlog during 1998 and from 1999 to date;

(e) whether the Council has taken any action on letters received after 6th November, 2002 from All India Association for SC/ST and Physically Handicapped Peoples Upliftment; and

(f) if so, give details and if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI HARIN PATHAK): (a) to<d) Prior to 1 st July, 1997, the reservation policy in the Government was made applicable on the basis of vacancy-based roster. The Government, however, with effect from 2nd July, 1997 replaced the vacancy-based roster with post-based roster in which the number of Points in equal to the number of posts in the cadre.

The number of roster points meant for General, Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes candidates and the number of Primary/Nursery Teachers promoted by NDMC to the Grade of Head Master/ Headmistress since 1997 till 30th April 2002 year-wise, are indicated below:

Year	Head Master/Head mistress (Nursery)			Head Master/Hed Mistress (Primary)		
(A) Roster	General	SCs	STs	General	SCs	STs
Points as per	16	3		47	8	4
Post based Roster (b)	14	3	1	22	12	5
Representation in 1997 (c)						
Promotions given in the years (i) 1998	9			20		
(ii) 2000	1	-	-	26	-	
(iv) 2001	-	-	-	3	-	
(v) 2002 (upto 30.4.2002)	5	-	-	16	-	

The sanctioned strength of Head Master/Head Mistress (Nursery) was reduced from 20 to 19 and that of Head Master/Head Mistress (Primary) from 59 to 50 w.e.f. 1 st May 2002.The required representation and the actual strength of different categories of candidates on the revised sanctioned strength is given below:

	Head Master/Head Mistress (Nursery)		Head Master/Head Mistress (Primary)		
Required representation	General 15	SCs 3	STs General 39	SCs 1 8	STs 3
Actual Strength as on 28.2.2003	16	3	32	12	4

The lone vacany in the grade of Head Master/Head Mistress (Nursery) reserved for Scheduled Tribes candidate was carried forward due to non-availability of eligible candidates in the feeder cadre and filled up by promotion of a general category candidate after deserving it.

(e) and (f) The New Delhi Municipal Council did not receive any representation from All India Association for SC/ST and Physically Handicapped People's Upliftment after 6th November, 2002.

Maoists activities along Indo-Nepal Border

†2211. SHRI HARISH RAWAT: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether in view of the sensitivity on India-Nepal border and increasing activities of Maoists, it is proposed to increase the strength of B.S.F. and I.T.B.P. in bordering area of Uttar Pradesh and Uttaranchal with Nepal;

(b) whether any action plan has been formulated to encounter anti-India propaganda being run by Maoists in areas bordering with Nepal; and

(c) if so, the details of the both of the above mentioned proposals?

†Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.